	Computer Networks(KCS- 603)	
	Course Outcome (CO) Bloom's Knowledge Lev	vel (KL)
	At the end of course , the student will be able to	
CO1	Explain basic concepts, OSI reference model, services and role of each layer of OSI model and TCP/IP, networks devices and transmission media, Analog and digital data transmission	K ₁ ,K ₂
CO2	Apply channel allocation, framing, error and flow control techniques.	K ₃
CO3	Describe the functions of Network Layer i.e. Logical addressing, subnetting & Routing Mechanism.	K ₂ , K ₃
CO4	Explain the different Transport Layer function i.e. Port addressing, Connection Management, Error control and Flow control mechanism.	K ₂ ,K ₃
CO5	Explain the functions offered by session and presentation layer and their Implementation.	K ₂ ,K ₃
CO6	Explain the different protocols used at application layer i.e. HTTP, SNMP, SMTP, FTP, TELNET and VPN.	K ₂
	DETAILED SYLLABUS	3-0-0
Unit	Торіс	Proposed Lecture
Ι	 Introductory Concepts: Goals and applications of networks, Categories of networks, Organization of the Internet, ISP, Network structure and architecture (layering principles, services, protocols and standards), The OSI reference model, TCP/IP protocol suite, Network devices and components. Physical Layer: Network topology design, Types of connections, Transmission media, Signal transmission and encoding, Network performance and transmission impairments, Switching techniques and multiplexing. 	08
II	Link layer: Framing, Error Detection and Correction, Flow control (Elementary Data Link Protocols, Sliding Window protocols). Medium Access Control and Local Area Networks: Channel allocation, Multiple access protocols, LAN standards, Link layer switches & bridges (learning bridge and spanning tree algorithms).	08
III	Network Layer: Point-to-point networks, Logical addressing, Basic internetworking (IP, CIDR, ARP, RARP, DHCP, ICMP), Routing, forwarding and delivery, Static and dynamic routing, Routing algorithms and protocols, Congestion control algorithms, IPv6.	08
IV	Transport Layer: Process-to-process delivery, Transport layer protocols (UDP and TCP), Multiplexing, Connection management, Flow control and retransmission, Window management, TCP Congestion control, Quality of service.	08
V	Application Layer: Domain Name System, World Wide Web and Hyper Text Transfer Protocol, Electronic mail, File Transfer Protocol, Remote login, Network management, Data compression, Cryptography – basic concepts.	08
1. Behro 2. Andro 3. Willia 4. Kuros 5. Peters 6. W. A	oks and References: ouz Forouzan, "Data Communication and Networking", McGraw Hill ew Tanenbaum "Computer Networks", Prentice Hall. am Stallings, "Data and Computer Communication", Pearson. se and Ross, "Computer Networking- A Top-Down Approach", Pearson. son and Davie, "Computer Networks: A Systems Approach", Morgan Kaufmann . Shay, "Understanding Communications and Networks", Cengage Learning. omer, "Computer Networks and Internets", Pearson.	

COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING/CS

	DISTRIBUTED SYSTEM (KC	(\$077)	
	Course Outcome (CO)	Bloom's Knowledge Level (I	KL)
	At the end of course , the student will be ab	le to understand	
CO 1	To provide hardware and software issues in modern distributed systems		K1 , K2
CO 2	To get knowledge in distributed architecture, naming, synchronization, o tolerance, security, and distributed file systems.	consistency and replication, fault	K2
CO 3	To analyze the current popular distributed systems such as peer-to-peer	(P2P) systems will also be analyzed.	K4
CO 4	To know about Shared Memory Techniques and have Sufficient knowle	dge about file access	K1
CO 5	Have knowledge of Synchronization and Deadlock.		K1
	DETAILED SYLLABUS		3-0-0
Unit	Торіс		Proposed Lecture
I	Characterization of Distributed Systems : Introduction, Examples of and the Web Challenges. Architectural models, Fundamental Models. System: Limitation of Distributed system, absence of global clo ,Lamport's & vectors logical clocks. Concepts in Message Passing Sy causal order, Techniques for Message Ordering, Causal ordering of detection.	Theoretical Foundation for Distributed ck, shared memory, Logical clocks ystems: causal order, total order, total	08
II	Distributed Mutual Exclusion: Classification of distributed mutu exclusion theorem, Token based and non token based algorithms, perf exclusion algorithms. Distributed Deadlock Detection: system model, n deadlock prevention, avoidance, detection & resolution, centralized dea detection, path pushing algorithms, edge chasing algorithms.	formance metric for distributed mutual resource Vs communication deadlocks,	08
III	Agreement Protocols: Introduction, System models, classification agreement problem, Consensus problem, Interactive consistency Problem, Application of Agreement problem, Atomic Commit in Dis Resource Management: Issues in distributed File Systems, Mechanism Design issues in Distributed Shared Memory, Algorithm for Implement	lem, Solution to Byzantine Agreement tributed Database system. Distributed n for building distributed file systems,	08
IV	Failure Recovery in Distributed Systems: Concepts in Backward Concurrent systems, Obtaining consistent Checkpoints, Recovery in Tolerance: Issues in Fault Tolerance, Commit Protocols, Voting protoc	and Forward recovery, Recovery in Distributed Database Systems. Fault	08
V	Transactions and Concurrency Control : Transactions, Nested transaction, Timestamp ordering, Comparison of methods for concurrency and nested distributed transactions, Atomic Commit protocols, transactions, Distributed deadlocks, Transaction recovery. Repl. communication, Fault - tolerant services, highly available services, Transaction recovery.	control. Distributed Transactions: Flat Concurrency control in distributed ication: System model and group	08
Text b 1. 2. 3. 4.	Doks: Singhal & Shivaratri, "Advanced Concept in Operating Systems", Ramakrishna,Gehrke," Database Management Systems", McGraw Vijay K.Garg Elements of Distributed Computing, Wiley Coulouris, Dollimore, Kindberg, "Distributed System: Concepts a Tenanuanbaum, Steen," Distributed Systems", PHI	v Hill	

Subject: Indian Traditions, Cultural and Society

Subject Code KNC 602 L:T:P 2:0:0

Module 1- Society State and Polity in India

State in Ancient India: Evolutionary Theory, Force Theory, Mystical Theory Contract Theory, Stages of State Formation in Ancient India, Kingship, Council of Ministers Administration Political Ideals in Ancient India Conditions' of the Welfare of Societies, The Seven Limbs of the State, Society in Ancient India, Purusārtha, Varnāshrama System, Āshrama or the Stages of Life, Marriage, Understanding Gender as a social category, The representation of Women in Historical traditions, Challenges faced by Women. Four-class Classification, Slavery.

Module 2- Indian Literature, Culture, Tradition, and Practices

Evolution of script and languages in India: Harappan Script and Brahmi Script. The Vedas, the Upanishads, the Ramayana and the Mahabharata, Puranas, Buddhist And Jain Literature in Pali,Prakrit And Sanskrit, Kautilya's Arthashastra, Famous Sanskrit Authors, Telugu Literature, Kannada Literature,Malayalam Literature ,Sangama Literature Northern Indian Languages & Literature, Persian And Urdu ,Hindi Literature

Module 3- Indian Religion, Philosophy, and Practices Module

Pre-Vedic and Vedic Religion, Buddhism, Jainism, Six System Indian Philosophy, Shankaracharya, Various Philosophical Doctrines, Other Heterodox Sects, Bhakti Movement, Sufi movement, Socio religious reform movement of 19th century, Modern religious practices

4-Science, Management and Indian Knowledge System Module

Astronomy in India, Chemistry in India, Mathematics in India, Physics in India, Agriculture in India, Medicine in India ,Metallurgy in India, Geography, Biology, Harappan Technologies, Water Management in India, Textile Technology in India ,Writing Technology in India Pyrotechnics in India Trade in Ancient India/,India's Dominance up to Pre-colonial Times

5- Cultural Heritage and Performing Arts

Indian Architect, Engineering and Architecture in Ancient India, Sculptures, Seals, coins, Pottery, Puppetry, Dance, Music, Theatre, drama, Painting, Martial Arts Traditions, Fairs and Festivals, Current developments in Arts and Cultural, Indian's Cultural Contribution to the World. Indian Cinema

COURSE OBJECTIVES

*The course aims at imparting basic principles of thought process, reasoning and inference to identify the roots and details of some of the contemporary issues faced by our nation and try to locate possible solutions to these challenges by digging deep into our past.

*To enable the students to understand the importance of our surroundings and encourage the students to contribute towards sustainable development.

*To sensitize students towards issues related to 'Indian' culture, tradition and its composite character.

*To make students aware of holistic life styles of Yogic-science and wisdom capsules in Sanskrit literature that are important in modern society with rapid technological advancements and societal disruptions.

*To acquaint students with Indian Knowledge System, Indian perspective of modern scientific world-view and basic principles of Yoga and holistic health care system.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Ability to understand, connect up and explain basics of Indian Traditional knowledge modern scientific perspective.

Suggested Pedagogy for Teachers

- Project based learning
- Case studies
- Group discussion
- Presentations

KOE-064 OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING

COURSE OBJECTIVE: After completion of the course student will be able to:

- 1. Understand the Basic concept of Object Orientation, object identity and Encapsulation.
- 2. Know the knowledge of Basic Structural Modeling, Object Oriented Analysis and C++ Basics.

COURSE OUTCOME: After completion of the course student will be able to:

- CO1: Understand the Basic concept of Object Orientation, object identity and Encapsulation.
- CO2: Understand the Basic concept of Basic Structural Modeling.
- CO3: Know the knowledge of Object oriented design, Object design.
- CO4: Know the knowledge of C++ Basics.
- CO5: Understand the Basics of object and class in C++.

KOE-064 OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING		
Unit	Торіс	Lectures
1	Introduction: The meaning of Object Orientation, object identity, Encapsulation, information hiding, polymorphism, generosity, importance of modelling, principles of modelling, object oriented modelling, Introduction to UML, conceptual model of the UML, Architecture.	8
2	Basic Structural Modeling: Classes, Relationships, common Mechanisms, and diagrams. Class &Object Diagrams: Terms, concepts, modelling techniques for Class & Object Diagrams. Collaboration Diagrams: Terms, Concepts, depicting a message, polymorphism in collaboration Diagrams, iterated messages, use of self in messages. Sequence Diagrams: Terms, concepts, depicting asynchronous messages with/without priority, call-back mechanism, broadcast messages. Basic Behavioural Modeling: Use cases, Use case Diagrams, Activity Diagrams, State Machine , Process and thread, Event and signals, Time diagram, interaction diagram, Package diagram. Architectural Modeling: Component, Deployment, Component diagrams and Deployment diagrams	8
3	Object Oriented Analysis: Object oriented design, Object design, Combining three models, Designing algorithms, design optimization, Implementation of control, Adjustment of inheritance, Object representation, Physical packaging, Documenting design considerations. Structured analysis and structured design (SA/SD), Jackson Structured Development (JSD).Mapping object oriented concepts using non-object oriented language, Translating classes into data structures, Passing arguments to methods, Implementing inheritance, associations encapsulation. Object oriented programming style: reusability, extensibility, robustness, programming in the large. Procedural v/s OOP, Object oriented language features. Abstraction and Encapsulation.	8
4	C++ Basics : Overview, Program structure, namespace, identifiers, variables, constants, enum, operators, typecasting, control structures C++ Functions : Simple functions, Call and Return by reference, Inline functions, Macro Vs. Inline functions, Overloading of functions, default arguments, friend functions, virtual functions	8
5	Objects and Classes : Basics of object and class in C++, Private and public members, static data and function members, constructors and their types, destructors, operator overloading, type conversion. Inheritance : Concept of Inheritance, types of inheritance: single, multiple, multilevel, hierarchical, hybrid, protected members, overriding, virtual base class Polymorphism : Pointers in C++, Pointes and Objects, this pointer, virtual and pure virtual functions, Implementing polymorphism	8

Text Books:

- 1. James Rumbaugh et. al, "Object Oriented Modeling and Design", PHI
- 2. Grady Booch, James Rumbaugh, Ivar Jacobson, "The Unified Modeling Language User Guide", Pearson Education
- 3. Object Oriented Programming with C++, E Balagurusamy, TMH

Reference Books:

- 1. R. S. Salaria, Mastering Object Oriented Programming with C++, Khanna Publishing House
- 2. C++ Programming, Black Book, Steven Holzner, dreamtech
- 3. Object Oriented Programming in Turbo C++, Robert Lafore, Galgotia
- 4. Object Oriented Programming with ANSI and Turbo C++, Ashok Kamthane, Pearson
- 5. The Compete Reference C++, Herbert Schlitz, TMH
- 6. C++ and Object Oriented Programming Paradigm, PHI
- 7. C++ : How to Program, 9th Edition, Deitel and Deitel, PHI

KOE-061 REAL TIME SYSTEMS

Unit	Topics	Lectures
Ι	Introduction Definition, Typical Real Time Applications: Digital Control, High Level Controls, Signal Processing etc., Release Times, Dead-lines, and Timing Constraints, Hard Real Time Systems and Soft Real Time Systems, Reference Models for Real Time Systems: Processors and Resources, Temporal Parameters of Real Time Workload, Periodic Task Model, Precedence Constraints and Data Dependency.	8
II	Real Time Scheduling Common Approaches to Real Time Scheduling: Clock Driven Approach, Weighted Round Robin Approach, Priority Driven Approach, Dynamic Versus Static Systems, Optimality of Effective-Deadline-First (EDF) and Least-Slack-Time-First (LST) Algorithms, Rate Monotonic Algorithm, Offline Versus Online Scheduling, Scheduling Aperiodic and Sporadic jobs in Priority Driven and Clock Driven Systems.	8
III	Resources Sharing Effect of Resource Contention and Resource Access Control (RAC), Non- preemptive Critical Sections, Basic Priority-Inheritance and Priority-Ceiling Protocols, Stack Based Priority- Ceiling Protocol, Use of Priority-Ceiling Protocol in Dynamic Priority Systems, Preemption Ceiling Protocol, Access Control in Multiple-Module Resources, Controlling Concurrent Accesses to Data Objects.	8
IV	Real Time Communication Basic Concepts in Real time Communication, Soft and Hard RT Communication systems, Model of Real Time Communication, Priority- Based Service and Weighted Round-Robin Service Disciplines for Switched Networks, Medium Access Control Protocols for Broadcast Networks, Internet and Resource Reservation Protocols.	
V	Real Time Operating Systems and Databases Features of RTOS, Time Services, UNIX as RTOS, POSIX Issues, Characteristic of Temporal data, Temporal Consistency, Con-currency Control, Overview of Commercial Real Time databases.	8

Text Books:

1. Real Time Systems – Jane W. S. Liu, Pearson Education Publication.

Reference Books:

- 1. Real Time Systems Mall Rajib, Pearson Education
- 2. Real-Time Systems: Scheduling, Analysis, and Verification Albert M. K. Cheng, Wiley.

Course Outcomes: At the end of this course students will demonstrate the ability to:

- 1. Describe concepts of Real-Time systems and modeling.
- 2. Recognize the characteristics of a real-time system in context with real time scheduling.
- 3. Classify various resource sharing mechanisms and their related protocols.
- 4. Interpret the basics of real time communication by the knowledge of real time models and protocols.
- 5. Apply the basics of RTOS in interpretation of real time systems.

B.TECH. (CSE & CS)

SIXTH SEMESTER (DETAILED SYLLABUS)

	Software Engineering (KCS-601)	
	Course Outcome (CO) Bloom's Knowledge Lev	vel (KL)
	At the end of course, the student will be able to	
CO 1	Explain various software characteristics and analyze different software Development Models.	K ₁ , K ₂
CO 2	Demonstrate the contents of a SRS and apply basic software quality assurance practices to ensure that design, development meet or exceed applicable standards.	K ₁ , K ₂
CO 3	Compare and contrast various methods for software design	K ₂ , K ₃
CO 4	Formulate testing strategy for software systems, employ techniques such as unit testing, Test driven development and functional testing.	K ₃
CO 5	Manage software development process independently as well as in teams and make use of Various software management tools for development, maintenance and analysis.	K_5
	DETAILED SYLLABUS	3-1-0
Unit	Торіс	Proposed Lecture
I	Introduction: Introduction to Software Engineering, Software Components, Software Characteristics, Software Crisis, Software Engineering Processes, Similarity and Differences from Conventional Engineering Processes, Software Quality Attributes. Software Development Life Cycle (SDLC) Models: Water Fall Model, Prototype Model, Spiral Model, Evolutionary Development Models, Iterative Enhancement Models.	08
II	Software Requirement Specifications (SRS): Requirement Engineering Process: Elicitation, Analysis, Documentation, Review and Management of User Needs, Feasibility Study, Information Modelling, Data Flow Diagrams, Entity Relationship Diagrams, Decision Tables, SRS Document, IEEE Standards for SRS. Software Quality Assurance (SQA): Verification and Validation, SQA Plans, Software Quality Frameworks, ISO 9000 Models, SEI-CMM Model.	08
ш	Software Design: Basic Concept of Software Design, Architectural Design, Low Level Design: Modularization, Design Structure Charts, Pseudo Codes, Flow Charts, Coupling and Cohesion Measures, Design Strategies: Function Oriented Design, Object Oriented Design, Top-Down and Bottom-Up Design. Software Measurement and Metrics: Various Size Oriented Measures: Halestead's Software Science, Function Point (FP) Based Measures, Cyclomatic Complexity Measures: Control Flow Graphs.	08
IV	Software Testing: Testing Objectives, Unit Testing, Integration Testing, Acceptance Testing, Regression Testing, Testing for Functionality and Testing for Performance, TopDown and Bottom-Up Testing Strategies: Test Drivers and Test Stubs, Structural Testing (White Box Testing), Functional Testing (Black Box Testing), Test Data Suit Preparation, Alpha and Beta Testing of Products. Static Testing Strategies: Formal Technical Reviews (Peer Reviews), Walk Through, Code Inspection, Compliance with Design and Coding Standards.	08
v	Software Maintenance and Software Project Management: Software as an Evolutionary Entity, Need for Maintenance, Categories of Maintenance: Preventive, Corrective and Perfective Maintenance, Cost of Maintenance, Software Re- Engineering, Reverse Engineering. Software Configuration Management Activities, Change Control Process, Software Version Control, An Overview of CASE Tools. Estimation of Various Parameters such as Cost, Efforts,	08

	Web Technology (KCS-602)	
	Course Outcome (CO) Bloom's Knowledge L At the end of course , the student will be able to	evel (KL)
CO		K ₁ , K ₂
CO		K ₂ , K ₃
CO	3 Design web pages using HTML, XML, CSS and JavaScript.	K ₂ , K ₃
CO	4 Creation of client-server environment using socket programming	K ₁ , K _{2,}
CO	5 Building enterprise level applications and manipulate web databases using JDBC	K _{3,} K ₄
C	5 Design interactive web applications using Servlets and JSP	K ₂ , K ₃
	DETAILED SYLLABUS	3-0-0
Unit	Торіс	Proposed Lecture
I	ntroduction: Introduction and Web Development Strategies, History of Web and Internet, Protocol Governing Web, Writing Web Projects, Connecting to Internet, Introduction to Internet services and ools, Introduction to client-server computing. Core Java: Introduction, Operator, Data type, Variable Arrays, Methods & Classes, Inheritance, Package and Interface, Exception Handling, Multithread programming, I/O, Java Applet, String handling, Event handling, Introduction to AWT, AWT controls, Layout managers	1 , 1 08
Π	Web Page Designing: HTML: List, Table, Images, Frames, forms, CSS, Document type definition KML: DTD, XML schemes, Object Models, presenting and using XML, Using XML Processors DOM and SAX, Dynamic HTML	00
III	Scripting: Java script: Introduction, documents, forms, statements, functions, objects; introduction to AJAX, Networking : Internet Addressing, InetAddress, Factory Methods, Instance Methods, Instance Methods, CCP/IP Client Sockets, URL, URL Connection, TCP/IP Server Sockets, Datagram.	00
IV	Enterprise Java Bean: Preparing a Class to be a JavaBeans, Creating a JavaBeans, JavaBean Properties, Types of beans, Stateful Session bean, Stateless Session bean, Entity bean Tava Database Connectivity (JDBC): Merging Data from Multiple Tables: Joining Manipulating, Databases with JDBC, Prepared Statements, Transaction Processing, Stored Procedures.	08
V	Servlets: Servlet Overview and Architecture, Interface Servlet and the Servlet Life Cycle. Handling HTTP get Requests, Handling HTTP post Requests, Redirecting Requests to Other Resources, Session Tracking, Cookies, Session Tracking with Http Session Vava Server Pages (JSP): Introduction, Java Server Pages Overview, A First Java Server Page	08
T	Example, Implicit Objects, Scripting, Standard Actions, Directives, Custom Tag Libraries	
 2. Xa 3. Iva 4. Bh 5. He 6. Ha 7. Ma 	Iman, Jessica, "Collaborative Web Development" Addison Wesley er, C, "Web Technology and Design", New Age International Bayross," HTML, DHTML, Java Script, Perl & CGI", BPB Publication ve, "Programming with Java", Pearson Education pert Schieldt, "The Complete Reference:Java", McGraw Hill. S Bergsten, "Java Server Pages", SPD O'Reilly garet Levine Young, "The Complete Reference Internet", McGraw Hill. ghton, Schildt, "The Complete Reference JAVA2", McGraw Hill.	